

COMPUTATIONAL FINANCE

ANTONIS PAPAPANTOLEON

Exercise 3

Set-up. Consider the Heston stochastic volatility model (under a risk neutral measure), provided by the SDEs

$$\begin{aligned} dX_t &= \left(r - \frac{1}{2}V_t\right)dt + \sqrt{V_t}dW_t, & X_0 &= x, \\ dV_t &= \kappa(\theta - V_t)dt + \eta\sqrt{V_t}d\bar{W}_t, & V_0 &= v, \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

where X denotes the logarithm of the stock price S (i.e. $S = S_0e^X$). The parameters satisfy $r \in \mathbb{R}$, $\kappa, \theta, \eta \in \mathbb{R}_+$, the initial values are $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $v \in \mathbb{R}_+$, and the Brownian motions W, \bar{W} are correlated with parameter $\rho \in [-1, 1]$ (i.e. $\bar{W} = \rho W + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2}\hat{W}$, where W and \hat{W} are independent Brownian motions).

The process (V, X) is an affine process on $\mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}$ and the characteristic function is provided by

$$\mathbb{E}_{v,x} [e^{u_1 V_t + u_2 X_t}] = \exp \left\{ \phi(t, u_1, u_2) + \psi_1(t, u_1, u_2) \cdot v + \psi_2(t, u_1, u_2) \cdot x \right\}, \quad (2)$$

where (ϕ, ψ_1, ψ_2) are solutions of the system of Riccati equations

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \phi(t, u_1, u_2) &= F(\psi_1(t, u_1, u_2), \psi_2(t, u_1, u_2)), & \phi(0, u_1, u_2) &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi_1(t, u_1, u_2) &= R(\psi_1(t, u_1, u_2), \psi_2(t, u_1, u_2)), & \psi_1(0, u_1, u_2) &= u_1 \\ \psi_2(t, u_1, u_2) &= u_2, \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

with

$$\begin{aligned} F(u_1, u_2) &= \kappa\theta u_1 + r u_2 \\ R(u_1, u_2) &= -\kappa u_1 - \frac{1}{2}u_2 + \frac{1}{2}u_2^2 + \frac{1}{2}\eta^2 u_1^2 + \eta\rho u_1 u_2. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

Tasks.

- (1) Solve the system of Riccati equations (3) and thus determine the characteristic function (2) of the Heston model.
(Hint: use Lemma 5.2 in Filipović & Mayerhofer “Affine diffusion processes: theory and applications”.)
- (2) Compute the Fourier transform of the payoff function $f(x) = (K - e^x)^+$ corresponding to the put option and determine the set \mathcal{I} where the dampened payoff function $f_R(x) = e^{-Rx} f(x)$ satisfies $f_R \in L^1_{bc}(\mathbb{R})$ and $\widehat{f_R} \in L^1(\mathbb{R})$.
- (3) Compute the price of a European put option $(K - S_T)^+$ using Fourier methods for option pricing.
(Question: what is the range $\mathcal{I} \cap \mathcal{J}$ for R ?).
- (4) Compare these results in terms of accuracy and computational times with the put option prices determined by the Euler Monte-Carlo method from Exercise 2.

Data.

- Spot price $S_0 = 100$, interest rate $r = 0\%$.
- Maturity $T = 5$, strike prices $K = \{80, 100, 120\}$.
- Heston parameters: $\kappa = 1$, $\theta = v = 9\%$, $\eta = 1$, $\rho = -0.3$.

Submit.

- The source code (in `scilab/matlab/C/...`). The source code should include sufficient documentation.
- A PDF file explaining how the code was developed and discussing the results (preferably written in \LaTeX).
- Submit everything per e-mail to `papapan@math.tu-berlin.de` in a zip file named: `Exercise_3_Surname_Name`.
- Deadline: **July 31, 2015**.